Biology

Classification information Name _____

Organism (common name): Plasmodium

Kingdom: Protista Order: Species:

Phylum: Protozoan Family:

Class: Sporozoa Genus: Scientific name:

1. Special description: Sporozoans, malaria, all parasitic. : Plasmodium, (malaria="bad air"), more deaths than any other, Dr. Charles Laveran discovered the pathogen, Life cycle: Human blood -> Anophles (cells mature and migrate to salivary)-> Human (blood-liver-rbc, chills and fever)

2. Habitat: parasitic

3. Symmetry/shape: Unicellular, Variety of shapes

4. Organization: Unicellular; Pellicle, ectoplasm and endoplasm, contractile vacuoles (water regulation), gullet, nucleus with nucleolus. Colonial

5. Integument: unicellular, membrane only

6. Skeleton: Unicellular, N/A

7. Musculature: Unicellular, N/A

8. Movement: Motile only during immature stage, not as adults

9. Behavior/activity: Taxes, Migrates toward food, retreats from glass

10. Nervous system: Unicellular, N/A

11. Senses/detection: tiny-red-light-sensitive eyespot

12. Nutrition: Heterotrophic parasitic

13. Digestive: cilia-mediated, oral groove (mouth pore, gullet), food vacuole, enzymes

14. Circulation: Unicellular, diffusion

15. Reproduction: sexual and asexual

16. Respiration-ventilation: Unicellular, diffusion

17. Final electron acceptor: O₂

18. Excretory: Unicellular, egestion

19. Life cycle/embryology: Unicellular, spore forming (nucleus divides several times and

gathers cytoplasm), cell breaks apart, complex life cycle

20. Classification: 1) movement, 2) shape, 3) reproduction